



Si prega di considerare la seguente versione in inglese come riferimento completo

**In un anno caratterizzato da una significativa transizione in corso incentrata sul prodotto,
Stellantis registra nel primo semestre del 2024 un utile netto di 5,6 miliardi di euro, un
AOI⁽¹⁾ di 8,5 miliardi di euro e un margine AOI⁽²⁾ del 10%**

- Ricavi netti pari a 85,0 miliardi di euro, in calo del 14% rispetto al primo semestre del 2023, principalmente a causa dei minori volumi e del mix
- Utile netto di 5,6 miliardi di euro, con un calo del 48% rispetto al primo semestre del 2023, soprattutto per la diminuzione dei volumi e del mix, i cambi meno favorevoli e i costi di ristrutturazione
- Utile operativo rettificato AOI⁽¹⁾ di 8,5 miliardi di euro, in calo di 5,7 miliardi di euro rispetto al primo semestre del 2023, per effetto essenzialmente del decremento in Nord America
- Margine AOI⁽²⁾ del 10%, riflesso delle riduzioni dei costi per materiali diretti, forza lavoro e logistica, che hanno contribuito a mitigare il calo dei ricavi
- Il Management sta attuando azioni decisive per indirizzare le sfide operative, incluse la quota di mercato e lo stock in Nord America
- Flussi di cassa industriali netti⁽³⁾ pressoché neutri (-0,4 miliardi di euro), penalizzati da un minor AOI⁽¹⁾, oltre che da un andamento negativo del capitale circolante e da investimenti più alti. Per entrambi è attesa un'evoluzione più favorevole nel secondo semestre, a supporto di un flusso di cassa industriale netto positivo sull'intero anno
- Riduzione complessiva dello stock del 3% a 1.408 migliaia di unità nei primi sei mesi del 2024
- Oltre 20 lanci in programma per il 2024, tra cui una versione rinnovata del Ram 1500, una gamma di van europei e Peugeot 3008, il primo veicolo nato sulla nuova famiglia di piattaforme STLA. Ricevute tutte le autorizzazioni necessarie per il lancio di Leapmotor International JV, con le prime consegne in Europa allargata verso la fine del terzo trimestre del 2024, seguite da Sud America, Medio Oriente&Africa e India&Asia-Pacifico
- Corrisposti 6,7 miliardi di euro di capitale nel primo semestre, in parte grazie all'accelerazione del programma 2024 di acquisto di azioni proprie da 3,0 miliardi di euro e rimane l'impegno a raggiungere in totale almeno 7,7 miliardi di euro entro la fine del 2024

“La performance della Società nella prima metà del 2024 è stata inferiore alle nostre aspettative, riflettendo un contesto settoriale difficile ma anche problematiche operative aziendali. Mentre da un lato si rendevano necessarie azioni correttive, ora in fase di esecuzione, dall'altro abbiamo avviato un'offensiva sui prodotti, che prevede non meno di 20 nuovi modelli da lanciare nel corso dell'anno, e che offrirà maggiori opportunità quanto più eseguita bene. Abbiamo molto lavoro da fare, soprattutto in Nord America, per massimizzare il nostro potenziale a lungo termine. Desidero ringraziare tutti i dipendenti per il loro lavoro di squadra e l'impegno con cui stanno affrontando questo capitolo fondamentale della nostra storia”.

Carlos Tavares, CEO



Fiat Grande Panda

Tutti i dati non sono stati oggetto di revisione contabile. Fare riferimento alla sezione “Safe Harbor Statement” inclusa nella versione originale in inglese.



AMSTERDAM, 25 luglio 2024 - Oggi Stellantis N.V. ha annunciato i risultati del primo semestre del 2024, che vedono 85,0 miliardi di euro di ricavi netti, in calo del 14% su base annua, e 5,6 miliardi di euro di utile netto, in calo del 48% su base annua. L'utile operativo rettificato di 8,5 miliardi di euro ha rappresentato un margine AOI del 10%, mentre l'utile rettificato diluito per azione è diminuito del 35% su base annua.

I risultati finanziari in calo nella prima metà del 2024 sono stati determinati principalmente da una riduzione dei volumi e del mix, con un confronto impegnativo dei volumi, dovuto alla combinazione di iniziative di riduzione dello stock con gap temporanei nella produzione legati a una transizione generazionale del portafoglio prodotti, oltre ad una riduzione della quota di mercato, in particolare in Nord America. Con l'obiettivo ben definito di lanciare a breve termine con successo un'ondata di nuovi prodotti di rilievo, l'Azienda prevede che l'impatto dei gap di copertura del portafoglio prodotti abbia già raggiunto il picco, mentre le azioni intraprese dal management per migliorare le performance di Nord America, Europa allargata e Maserati creeranno significative opportunità di miglioramento dei risultati nella seconda metà del 2024 e nell'intero anno 2025.

Commercialmente, Stellantis conferma la leadership nei veicoli commerciali, arrivando a conquistare per la prima volta la vetta per quota di mercato in Medio Oriente e Africa, e confermando posizioni leader nelle quote di mercato in Europa e Sud America. Negli Stati Uniti, Stellantis è al primo posto nelle vendite di auto ibride plug-in e al secondo in quelle dei LEV. Traendo vantaggio dalla competitività dei costi di Leapmotor e i progressi in termini di sistemi di propulsione e connettività, la joint venture Leapmotor International è in procinto di proporre i primi veicoli elettrici tecnocentrici: il SUV C10 e la T03. Il lancio iniziale avverrà in Europa allargata, seguita da Sud America, Medio Oriente & Africa e India & Asia-Pacifico entro la fine del 2024.

Lancio massiccio di prodotti in corso

L'Azienda ha in programma non meno di 20 lanci di nuovi prodotti nel 2024, di cui 10 sono già entrati in produzione nella prima metà dell'anno:

- **Peugeot 3008 e 5008** – Basati sulla piattaforma multienergia STLA Medium, con un'autonomia che raggiunge i 680 Km, questi modelli propongono il nuovissimo i-Cockpit panoramico. ChatGPT diventerà di serie su tutta la gamma Peugeot, seguendo l'esempio del marchio DS all'inizio di quest'anno. A giugno, quasi il 30% degli ordini di 3008 ha riguardato la versione elettrica a batteria. Inoltre, Peugeot ha scelto di basare la produzione di **2008** in Sud America.
- **Nuova Lancia Ypsilon** – Lancia ha presentato la prima auto della sua nuova era nel segmento B delle berline premium: Nuova Lancia Ypsilon. Il marchio ha un piano strategico di 10 anni che lo proietterà verso un'idea di eleganza italiana innovativa e senza tempo.
- **Maserati Grecale Folgore** – Maserati ha svelato Grecale Folgore, il primo SUV del Tridente alimentato da un motore completamente elettrico, con coppia di 820 Nm e velocità massima di 220 Km/h.
- **Ram 1500** – Ram ha lanciato il nuovo 1500 sulla scia del riconoscimento ottenuto da J.D. Power Initial Quality Study, che lo proclama brand numero 1 del settore. Si tratta del primo marchio dedicato esclusivamente ai furgoni ad aver raggiunto questo risultato. Ram 1500 integra la nuova famiglia Hurricane Twin-turbo, il sei cilindri più potente del segmento, con una potenza massima di 540 cavalli e una coppia di 469 lb.-ft.
- **Citroën Basalt** – Citroën Basalt, un nuovo SUV coupé, viene lanciato in India e in Sud America. Gli ordini per la Nuova Citroën C3 raggiungono un numero decisamente importante, con il 72% dei clienti che sceglie la nuovissima ë-C3, un veicolo elettrico del segmento B dal prezzo competitivo prodotto in Europa.
- **Van Stellantis Pro One** – La linea rinnovata di van Pro One di Citroën, FIAT Professional, Opel, Peugeot e Vauxhall attualmente propone 12 modelli in tutti i segmenti. Stellantis Pro One è al primo posto in Europa allargata, Sud America e Medio Oriente & Africa nella prima metà dell'anno.

FIAT e Opel hanno celebrato i 125 anni rendendo omaggio alle storiche radici italiane e tedesche. FIAT ha annunciato il ritorno sul mercato globale mainstream con Grande Panda, in vendita a partire da meno di 25.000 euro per la versione completamente elettrica, e che sarà disponibile anche nella variante ibrida.

Spinta tecnologica

- Tra il 2024 e il 2026, è previsto il lancio di otto nuovi veicoli nati sulla piattaforma STLA Large, tra cui Dodge Charger Daytona, Jeep® Wagoneer S e Jeep Recon. La nuova piattaforma multienergia dedicata ai BEV è altamente flessibile e ottimizzata per diversi moduli di motorizzazione elettrica, così da offrire ai clienti i vantaggi della coppia istantanea della propulsione EV e un'autonomia fino a 800 Km/500 miglia per i modelli BEV.
- Fino al 2026, la piattaforma Smart Car sarà la base di 13 modelli in tre diverse regioni. La piattaforma combina innovazione avanzata e accessibilità economica, per rendere la tecnologia EV disponibile a tutti. In Europa, i marchi FIAT (Grande Panda) e Opel seguiranno i lanci di Citroën C3 e C3 Aircross.
- Stellantis sta adottando un approccio dual-chemistry ed esplorando tecnologie innovative per celle e pacco batteria. Di recente, l'Azienda ha annunciato una collaborazione quinquennale con il CEA, un importante istituto di ricerca, per la progettazione di celle per batterie di nuova generazione per auto elettriche.
- La tecnologia della trasmissione elettrificata a doppia frizione (eDCT) di Stellantis sta ottenendo un grande successo in Europa, contribuendo ad aumentare le vendite di vetture ibride UE30 del 53% rispetto al 2023. Per quest'anno sono previsti trenta modelli ibridi, e altri sei entro il 2026, per un'esperienza di guida eccezionale ed emissioni ridotte di CO₂ a prezzi più accessibili rispetto agli ibridi 100% elettrici e plug-in. Stellantis è leader nell'area UE30 per i segmenti A e B e i veicoli commerciali leggeri, così come nelle vendite dei veicoli a basse emissioni (tra cui elettrici a batteria, a celle a combustibile e ibridi plug-in).
- Le piattaforme AI - STLA Brain, STLA SmartCockpit e STLA AutoDrive - sono fondamentali per i progressi tecnologici di Stellantis. Si prevede che saranno pronte per l'integrazione tecnologica entro la fine del 2024, con lo sviluppo del prodotto nel 2025.
- Stellantis sta trasformando l'esperienza di mobilità con un flusso costante di ricavi ad alto margine, dal software e dai servizi connessi, che è più che raddoppiato dalla nascita dell'Azienda nel 2021. Tra le funzionalità proposte rientrano:



- *e-ROUTES*, la prima applicazione per smartphone di pianificazione dei percorsi integrata con i dati dei veicoli in tempo reale, progettata specificamente per i modelli elettrici;
- ChatGPT, l'assistente virtuale migliorato, offerto di serie per le vetture nuove ed esistenti, disponibile in 20 Paesi europei entro la fine del 2024;
- AppMarket, l'hub centrale per la connettività disponibile over the air in quasi la metà dei veicoli Jeep e Ram prodotti tra il 2021 e il 2023 in Nord America;
- Connect Fleet di Free2Move, che offre ai gestori di flotte il monitoraggio della situazione dei veicoli, l'impostazione di confini geografici e la geolocalizzazione in tempo reale; infine
- MyTasks, strumento avanzato pensato per semplificare l'operatività delle flotte migliorando il coordinamento con vantaggi sulla produttività

GUIDANCE E PROSPETTIVE: L'Azienda ribadisce la guidance finanziaria di ottenere un margine di utile operativo rettificato a due cifre nel 2024, nonché un flusso di cassa industriale netto positivo nonostante le incertezze macroeconomiche.

Il 25 luglio 2024 alle 2:00 CEST/8:00 EDT, si terranno un webcast live e una conference call in cui saranno presentati i risultati di Stellantis per l'anno 2024 con la presentazione che si prevede disponibile intorno alle 7.30am CEST / 1.30am EDT. Il webcast e il replay registrato saranno disponibili nella sezione Investors del sito web di Stellantis all'indirizzo (www.stellantis.com).

PROSSIMI EVENTI: Consegne e Ricavi del terzo trimestre - 31 ottobre 2024

With Important Product-Led Transition Year Underway, Stellantis Delivers €5.6 Billion Net Profit, €8.5 Billion AOI⁽¹⁾ and 10% AOI Margin⁽²⁾ in the First Half of 2024

- Net revenues of €85.0 billion, down 14% compared to H1 2023, primarily due to the decline in volume and mix
- Net profit of €5.6 billion, down 48% compared to H1 2023, primarily due to lower volume and mix, headwinds from foreign exchange and restructuring costs
- Adjusted operating income⁽¹⁾ of €8.5 billion, down €5.7 billion compared to H1 2023, primarily due to decreases in North America
- AOI margin⁽²⁾ of 10%, reflecting direct materials, workforce and logistics cost reductions which helped to mitigate the revenue decline
- Management taking decisive actions to address operational challenges, including North American share and inventory performance
- Industrial free cash flows⁽³⁾ near zero (-€0.4 billion), impacted by lower AOI⁽¹⁾, as well as negative working capital development and higher investment spend, both expected to evolve favorably in the second half, supporting positive full-year Industrial free cash flow
- Total inventory reduced by 3% to 1,408 thousand units over the first six months of 2024
- More than 20 launches planned in 2024, including a refreshed Ram 1500, European van range and the Peugeot 3008, the first on the new STLA family of platforms. Received all necessary approvals to launch the Leapmotor International JV, with initial deliveries in Enlarged Europe near the end of Q3 2024, followed by South America, Middle East & Africa and India & Asia Pacific
- Returned €6.7 billion in capital in the first half, reflecting in part the accelerated execution of the €3.0 billion 2024 share buyback program, and remain committed to return at least €7.7 billion before the end of 2024

"The Company's performance in the first half of 2024 fell short of our expectations, reflecting both a challenging industry context as well as our own operational issues. While corrective actions were needed and are being taken to address these issues, we also have initiated an exciting product blitz, with no fewer than 20 new vehicles launching this year, and with that brings bigger opportunities when we execute well. We have significant work to do, especially in North America, to maximize our long-term potential. I want to thank every employee for their teamwork and commitment during this very consequential chapter of our story."

Carlos Tavares, CEO



Fiat Grande Panda

| (€ million) | | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change | FY 2024 GUIDANCE |
|----------------------------|---|---------|---------|-----------|------------------|
| I F R S | Net revenues | 85,017 | 98,368 | (14)% | |
| | Net profit/(loss) | 5,647 | 10,918 | (48)% | |
| | Cash flows from operating activities | 4,889 | 13,393 | (63)% | |
| N O N G A P | Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾ | 8,463 | 14,126 | (40)% | |
| | Adjusted operating income margin ⁽²⁾ | 10.0% | 14.4% | (440) bps | |
| | Industrial free cash flows ⁽³⁾ | (392) | 8,655 | (105)% | |

All reported data is unaudited. Reference should be made to the section "Safe Harbor Statement" included elsewhere within this document.



AMSTERDAM, July 25, 2024 - Stellantis N.V. today announced results for the first half of 2024, including €85.0 billion of Net revenues, down 14% y-o-y, and €5.6 billion in Net profit, down 48% y-o-y. AOI⁽¹⁾ of €8.5 billion represented a 10% AOI margin⁽²⁾, and Adjusted diluted EPS⁽⁵⁾ decreased 35% y-o-y.

Lower financial performance in the first half of 2024 was driven principally by lower volumes and mix, with the challenging volume comparison due to a combination of inventory reduction initiatives, temporary product production gaps due to a generational portfolio transition, and lower market share particularly in North America. With a firm focus on successfully launching a wave of significant new products in the near term, the Company expects the impact of the product portfolio's coverage gaps to have peaked, while management actions to improve the performance of North America, Enlarged Europe and Maserati create significant performance improvement opportunities for the second half of 2024 and full-year 2025.

Commercially, Stellantis continued its commercial vehicle leadership, taking the top spot for market share in the Middle East & Africa for the first time, and sustaining market share leadership in Europe and South America. In the U.S., Stellantis is No. 1 in plug-in hybrid vehicles sales and No. 2 in LEV sales. Leveraging Leapmotor's cost competitiveness and advancements in powertrains and connectivity, the Leapmotor International joint venture is on track to introduce its inaugural tech-centric electric vehicles, the C10 SUV and T03 car. The initial rollout will be in Enlarged Europe, followed by South America, Middle East & Africa and India & Asia Pacific by the end of 2024.

2024 Product Blitz Underway

The Company plans no fewer than 20 new product launches in 2024, including 10 that have started production already in the first half of the year:

- **Peugeot 3008 and 5008** – Based on the BEV-native multi-energy STLA Medium platform with a range of up to 680Km, these models feature the brand new Panoramic i-Cockpit. ChatGPT will become standard across the entire Peugeot lineup, following DS brand's lead earlier this year. In June, nearly 30% of 3008 orders were for the battery electric version. Peugeot also localized production of the **2008** in South America.
- **New Lancia Ypsilon** – Lancia introduced the first car of its new era in the premium hatchback B-segment, the New Lancia Ypsilon. The brand has a 10-year strategic plan to propel it forward with innovative and timeless Italian elegance.
- **Maserati Grecale Folgore** – Maserati launched the Grecale Folgore, the Trident's first-ever SUV powered by a full-electric powertrain with 820 Nm of torque and a top speed of 220 Km/h.
- **Ram 1500** – Ram launched the new 1500 on the heels of a positive accolade as the No. 1 industry brand in J.D. Power Initial Quality Study — the only truck-exclusive brand ever to do so. The Ram 1500 features the new Hurricane Twin-turbo family, the most powerful 6-cylinder engine in the segment with up to 540 horsepower and 469 lb-ft of torque.
- **Citroën Basalt** – The Citroën Basalt, a new SUV coupé, is launching in India and South America. Orders for the new Citroën C3 are strong with 72% of customers opting for the all-new ë-C3, a competitively priced B-segment EV produced in Europe.
- **Stellantis Pro One Vans** – The renewed Pro One van lineup from Citroën, FIAT Professional, Opel, Peugeot and Vauxhall is on the road with 12 models across all segments. Stellantis Pro One is No. 1 in Enlarged Europe, South America and Middle East & Africa in the first half.

In recognition of their storied legacies in Italy and Germany, FIAT and Opel celebrated their 125-year anniversaries. FIAT revealed its comeback to the global mainstream market with the Grande Panda, starting from less than €25,000 for the full EV and will also be available in a hybrid version.

Technology Push

- Eight new vehicles are set to launch on the STLA Large platform between 2024-2026, led by the Dodge Charger Daytona, Jeep® Wagoneer S and Jeep Recon. This new BEV-native multi-energy platform is highly flexible and optimized for various electric drive modules, offering customers the benefits of instant torque from EV propulsion and a range of up to 800 Km/500 miles in BEV models.
- Through 2026, the Smart Car platform will serve as the base for 13 models across three regions. The platform combines advanced technology with affordability to make EVs available for everyone. In Europe, the FIAT and Opel brands will follow the Citroën C3 and C3 Aircross launches.
- Stellantis is employing a dual-chemistry approach and exploring innovative battery cell and pack technologies. The Company recently announced a five-year collaboration with CEA, a leading research institution, to design next-gen battery cells for EVs.
- Stellantis' electrified dual-clutch transmission (eDCT) tech has been popular in Europe, helping lead to a 53% sales growth year-over-year in EU30 hybrid vehicle sales. Thirty hybrid models are planned for this year, with six more by 2026, offering a great driving experience and lower CO2 emissions at more affordable prices than fully electric and plug-in hybrids. Stellantis is the sales leader for low-emission vehicles, which includes battery electric, fuel cell and plug-in hybrid, in the EU30 for A and B segments and light commercial vehicles.
- AI-powered platforms - STLA Brain, STLA SmartCockpit and STLA AutoDrive - are central to Stellantis' tech advancements and are expected to be tech ready for integration by the end of 2024 with product deployment in 2025.
- Stellantis is transforming the mobility experience with a steady stream of high-margin revenue from software and connected services, which has more than doubled since the Company's inception in 2021. Features include:
 - e-ROUTES, the first route-planning smartphone app integrated with real-time vehicle data, specifically designed for electric vehicles;
 - ChatGPT enhanced virtual assistant, offered standard for new and existing vehicles available in 20 European countries by the end of 2024;
 - AppMarket, the central hub for connectivity available over the air in nearly half of 2021-23 MY Jeep and Ram vehicles in North America;
 - Connect Fleet by Free2Move, providing fleet managers with status visibility, geofence boundary setting and real-time geolocation; and,
 - MyTasks, an advanced tool to streamline fleet operations, improving coordination to enable better productivity.

GUIDANCE AND OUTLOOK: The Company is reiterating financial guidance of double-digit AOI margin⁽²⁾ in 2024, as well as positive Industrial free cash flow⁽³⁾, despite macroeconomic uncertainties.

On July 25, 2024 at 2:00 p.m. CEST / 8:00 a.m. EDT, a live webcast and conference call will be held to present Stellantis' First Half 2024 Results, with the presentation expected to be posted at approximately 7:30 a.m. CEST / 1:30 a.m. EDT. The webcast and recorded replay will be accessible under the Investors section of the Stellantis corporate website (www.stellantis.com).

UPCOMING EVENTS: Third Quarter Shipments & Revenues - October 31, 2024

Refer to page 7 for an explanation of the items referenced on this page and market and industry information



SEGMENT PERFORMANCE

NORTH AMERICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Shipments (000s) | 838 | 1,023 | (185) |
| Net revenues | 38,353 | 45,916 | (7,563) |
| AOI | 4,366 | 8,027 | (3,661) |
| AOI margin | 11.4% | 17.5% | (610) bps |

- **Shipments** down 18%, mostly driven by discontinued products, including Dodge Charger/Challenger, Jeep Renegade/Cherokee as well as a decrease in Ram 1500 due to mid-cycle action launch
- **Net revenues** down 16%, primarily due to lower volumes and negative net pricing, partially offset by favorable nameplate mix
- **Adjusted operating income** down 46%, primarily due to lower volumes, product mix headwinds and negative net pricing

ENLARGED EUROPE

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Shipments (000s) | 1,387 | 1,478 | (91) |
| Net revenues | 29,969 | 34,861 | (4,892) |
| AOI | 2,060 | 3,725 | (1,665) |
| AOI margin | 6.9% | 10.7% | (380) bps |

- **Shipments** down 6%, to support inventory de-stocking efforts in the region; driven by lower shipments of Fiat 500, Opel Mokka and Jeep Renegade, partly offset by higher shipments of Citroën C3 and Jeep Avenger
- **Net revenues** down 14%, mainly due to higher buyback commitments, lower volumes and mix, and negative net pricing, partially offset by minor FX translation effects
- **Adjusted operating income** down 45%, primarily due to lower mix, net pricing and volumes, partly offset by industrial cost savings supported by raw material tailwinds and purchasing savings

MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|
| Combined shipments ⁽⁴⁾ (000s) | 273 | 301 | (28) |
| Consolidated shipments ⁽⁴⁾ (000s) | 214 | 208 | +6 |
| Net revenues | 5,005 | 4,698 | +307 |
| AOI | 1,047 | 1,218 | (171) |
| AOI margin | 20.9% | 25.9% | (500) bps |

- **Consolidated shipments** up 3%, with Fiat shipments tripling, led by growth of Doblo Cargo, Tipo, and Nuovo Scudo, offsetting declines in Peugeot 208 and Opel Corsa
- **Net revenues** up 7%, primarily due to strong net pricing offsetting negative FX translation effects and mix headwinds
- **Adjusted operating income** down 14%, mainly due to negative FX translation effects, lower mix, higher costs to support logistics and localization strategy, partly offset by positive net pricing

SOUTH AMERICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Shipments (000s) | 394 | 420 | (26) |
| Net revenues | 7,367 | 7,563 | (196) |
| AOI | 1,150 | 1,075 | +75 |
| AOI margin | 15.6% | 14.2% | +140 bps |

- **Shipments** down 6%, led by a reduction in Fiat Cronos, Jeep Compass and Peugeot 208 partly offset by higher shipments of Ram Rampage and Citroën C3 Aircross
- **Net revenues** down 3%, due to negative FX translation effects mainly from Argentine Peso and lower volumes, partly offset by positive net pricing and mix
- **Adjusted operating income** up 7%, primarily due to positive net pricing, purchasing savings and improved results from parts & services, partly offset by negative FX translation effects and lower volumes

CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|
| Combined shipments ⁽⁴⁾ (000s) | 32 | 90 | (58) |
| Consolidated shipments ⁽⁴⁾ (000s) | 32 | 58 | (26) |
| Net revenues | 1,072 | 1,986 | (914) |
| AOI | 57 | 294 | (237) |
| AOI margin | 5.3% | 14.8% | (950) bps |

- **Lower results** mainly due to reduced shipments, negative FX translation effects and consolidation impact from Leapmotor investment, partly offset by cost savings and positive net pricing

MASERATI

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2024 | H1 2023 | Change |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| Shipments (000s) | 6.5 | 15.3 | (8.8) |
| Net revenues | 631 | 1,309 | (678) |
| AOI | (82) | 121 | (203) |
| AOI margin | (13.0)% | 9.2% | (2,220) bps |

- **Net revenues** and **Adjusted operating income** down, mainly due to decline in shipments of Grecale and discontinued products, partly offset by positive product mix and cost saving actions



Reconciliations

Net revenues from external customers to Net revenues and Net profit to Adjusted operating income

| H1 2024 | (€ million) | NORTH AMERICA | ENLARGED EUROPE | MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA | SOUTH AMERICA | CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC | MASERATI | OTHER ^(*) | STELLANTIS |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Net revenues from external customers | 38,351 | 29,848 | 5,005 | 7,373 | 1,071 | 631 | 2,738 | | 85,017 |
| Net revenues from transactions with other segments | 2 | 121 | — | (6) | 1 | — | (118) | | — |
| Net revenues | 38,353 | 29,969 | 5,005 | 7,367 | 1,072 | 631 | 2,620 | | 85,017 |
| Net profit/(loss) | | | | | | | | | 5,647 |
| Tax expense/(benefit) | | | | | | | | | 1,342 |
| Net financial expenses/(income) | | | | | | | | | (350) |
| Operating income/(loss) | | | | | | | | | 6,639 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Restructuring and other costs, net of reversals ^(A) | 48 | 1,087 | — | 9 | — | 25 | 43 | | 1,212 |
| Impairment expense and supplier obligations, net of reversals ^(B) | 2 | 43 | — | — | 11 | 324 | 8 | | 388 |
| Takata airbags recall campaign, net of recoveries | — | 74 | 4 | 1 | — | — | — | | 79 |
| Other ^(C) | 119 | 2 | — | 29 | 1 | — | (6) | | 145 |
| Total adjustments | 169 | 1,206 | 4 | 39 | 12 | 349 | 45 | | 1,824 |
| Adjusted operating income^(D) | 4,366 | 2,060 | 1,047 | 1,150 | 57 | (82) | (135) | | 8,463 |

(*) Other activities, unallocated items and eliminations

(A) Primarily related to workforce reductions

(B) Primarily related to certain platform assets in Maserati and Enlarged Europe, net of reversal

(C) Primarily related to costs to support the workforce during the transformation of a plant in North America



| H1 2023 (€ million) | NORTH AMERICA | ENLARGED EUROPE | MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA | SOUTH AMERICA | CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC | MASERATI | OTHER ^(*) | STELLANTIS |
|--|---------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Net revenues from external customers | 45,916 | 34,811 | 4,698 | 7,609 | 1,985 | 1,310 | 2,039 | 98,368 |
| Net revenues from transactions with other segments | — | 50 | — | (46) | 1 | (1) | (4) | — |
| Net revenues | 45,916 | 34,861 | 4,698 | 7,563 | 1,986 | 1,309 | 2,035 | 98,368 |
| Net profit/(loss) | | | | | | | | 10,918 |
| Tax expense/(benefit) | | | | | | | | 2,692 |
| Net financial expenses/(income) | | | | | | | | (69) |
| Operating income/(loss) | | | | | | | | 13,541 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | |
| Restructuring and other costs, net of reversals ^(A) | 314 | 252 | — | 14 | — | — | 14 | 594 |
| Reorganization of financial services ^(B) | — | — | — | — | — | — | 140 | 140 |
| Impairment expense and supplier obligations ^(C) | (2) | — | — | — | 16 | — | — | 14 |
| Takata airbags recall campaign, net of recoveries | — | (84) | 26 | (1) | 4 | — | — | (55) |
| Other ^(D) | (80) | 29 | — | 2 | (15) | — | (44) | (108) |
| Total adjustments | 232 | 197 | 26 | 15 | 5 | — | 110 | 585 |
| Adjusted operating income^(*) | 8,027 | 3,725 | 1,218 | 1,075 | 294 | 121 | (334) | 14,126 |

(*) Other activities, unallocated items and eliminations

(A) Primarily related to workforce reductions

(B) Net costs associated with the reorganization of our financial services activities in Europe

(C) Related to impairments, net of reversals

(D) Mainly related to gains on disposals of investments



Diluted EPS to Adjusted diluted EPS

Results from continuing operations

| (€ million, except as otherwise stated) | H1 2024 | H1 2023 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| Net profit attributable to owners of the parent | 5,624 | 10,923 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding (000) | 3,002,791 | 3,137,744 |
| Number of shares deployable for share-based compensation (000) | 21,659 | 26,063 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (000) | 3,024,450 | 3,163,807 |
| Diluted earnings per share (A) (€/share) | 1.86 | 3.45 |
| Adjustments, per above | 1,824 | 585 |
| Tax impact on adjustments | (316) | (66) |
| Unusual items related to income taxes | — | — |
| Total adjustments, net of taxes | 1,508 | 519 |
| Impact of adjustments above, net of taxes, on Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (B) (€/share) | 0.50 | 0.16 |
| Adjusted Diluted earnings per share⁽⁵⁾ (€/share) (A+B) | 2.36 | 3.61 |

Cash flows from operating activities to Industrial free cash flows

| (€ million) | H1 2024 | H1 2023 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 4,889 | 13,393 |
| Less: Operating activities not attributable to industrial activities | (1,465) | (211) |
| Less: Capital Expenditures and capitalized research and development expenditures and change in amounts payable on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for industrial activities | 5,438 | 4,196 |
| Add: Proceeds from disposal of assets and other changes in investing activities | 163 | 1,726 |
| Less: Net proceeds related to the reorganization of financial services in Europe | — | 1,464 |
| Less: Contributions of equity to joint ventures and minor acquisitions of consolidated subsidiaries and equity method and other investments | 1,495 | 1,058 |
| Add: Defined benefit pension contributions, net of tax | 24 | 43 |
| Industrial free cash flows⁽³⁾ | (392) | 8,655 |

Debt to Industrial net financial position

| (€ million) | June 30, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Debt | (32,174) | (29,463) |
| Current financial receivables from jointly-controlled financial services companies | 1,245 | 767 |
| Derivative financial assets/(liabilities), net and collateral deposits | 6 | 20 |
| Financial securities | 6,619 | 6,089 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 36,325 | 43,669 |
| Industrial Net Financial Position Classified as Held for sale | (59) | 109 |
| Net financial position | 11,962 | 21,191 |
| Less: Net financial position of financial services | (10,265) | (8,296) |
| Industrial net financial position⁽⁶⁾ | 22,227 | 29,487 |



NOTES

(1) Adjusted operating income/(loss) excludes from Net profit/(loss) adjustments comprising restructuring and other termination costs, impairments, asset write-offs, disposals of investments and unusual operating income/(expense) that are considered rare or discrete events and are infrequent in nature, as inclusion of such items is not considered to be indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance, and also excludes Net financial expenses/(income) and Tax expense/(benefit).

Unusual operating income/(expense) are impacts from strategic decisions, as well as events considered rare or discrete and infrequent in nature, as inclusion of such items is not considered to be indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance. Unusual operating income/(expense) includes, but may not be limited to: impacts from strategic decisions to rationalize Stellantis' core operations; facility-related costs stemming from Stellantis' plans to match production capacity and cost structure to market demand, and convergence and integration costs directly related to significant acquisitions or mergers.

(2) Adjusted operating income/(loss) margin is calculated as Adjusted operating income/(loss) divided by Net revenues.

(3) Industrial free cash flows is our key cash flow metric and is calculated as Cash flows from operating activities less: (i) cash flows from operating activities from discontinued operations; (ii) cash flows from operating activities related to financial services, net of eliminations; (iii) investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for industrial activities; (iv) contributions of equity to joint ventures and minor acquisitions of consolidated subsidiaries and equity method and other investments; and adjusted for: (i) net intercompany payments between continuing operations and discontinued operations; (ii) proceeds from disposal of assets and (iii) contributions to defined benefit pension plans, net of tax. The timing of Industrial free cash flows may be affected by the substantive timing of monetization of receivables, factoring and the payment of accounts payables, as well as changes in other components of working capital, which can vary from period to period due to, among other things, cash management initiatives and other factors, some of which may be outside of the Company's control.

(4) Combined shipments include shipments by Company's consolidated subsidiaries and unconsolidated joint ventures, whereas Consolidated shipments only include shipments by Company's consolidated subsidiaries. Figures by segments may not add up due to rounding. China shipments from DPCA are no longer included in Combined shipments as of November 2023; prior periods have not been restated.

(5) Adjusted diluted earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by adjusting Diluted earnings per share from operations for the post-tax impact per share of the same items excluded from Adjusted operating income as well as tax expense/(benefit) items that are considered rare or infrequent, or whose nature would distort the presentation of the ongoing tax charge of the Company. We believe this non-GAAP measure is useful because it also excludes items that we do not believe are indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance and provides investors with a more meaningful comparison of the Company's ongoing quality of earnings. Adjusted diluted EPS should not be considered as a substitute for Basic earnings per share, Diluted earnings per share from operations or other methods of analyzing our quality of earnings as reported under IFRS.

(6) Industrial net financial position is calculated as Debt plus derivative financial liabilities related to industrial activities less (i) cash and cash equivalents, (ii) financial securities that are considered liquid, (iii) current financial receivables from the Company or its jointly controlled financial services entities and (iv) derivative financial assets and collateral deposits. Therefore, debt, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets/liabilities pertaining to Stellantis' financial services entities are excluded from the computation of the Industrial net financial position. Industrial net financial position includes the Industrial net financial position classified as held for sale.

Rankings, market share and other industry information are derived from third-party industry sources (e.g. Agence Nationale des Titres Sécurisés (ANTS), Associação Nacional dos Fabricantes de Veículos Automotores (ANFAVEA), Ministry of Infrastructure and Sustainable Mobility (MIMS), S&P Global, Ward's Automotive) and internal information unless otherwise stated.

For purposes of this document, and unless otherwise stated industry and market share information are for passenger cars (PC) plus light commercial vehicles (LCV), except as noted below:

- Enlarged Europe excludes Russia and Belarus; H1 2023 figures have been restated;
- Middle East & Africa exclude Iran, Sudan and Syria;
- South America excludes Cuba;
- India & Asia Pacific reflects aggregate for major markets where Stellantis competes (Japan (PC), India (PC), South Korea (PC + Pickups), Australia, New Zealand and South East Asia);
- China represents PC only and includes licensed sales from DPCA; and
- Maserati reflects aggregate for 17 major markets where Maserati competes and is derived from S&P Global data, Maserati competitive segment and internal information.

Prior period figures have been updated to reflect current information provided by third-party industry sources.

EU30 = EU 27 (excluding Malta), Iceland, Norway, Switzerland and UK.

Low emission vehicles (LEV) = battery electric (BEV), plug-in hybrid (PHEV), range-extender electric vehicle (REEV) and fuel cell electric (FCEV) vehicles.

All Stellantis reported BEV and LEV sales include Citroën Ami, Opel Rocks-e and Fiat Topolino; in countries where these vehicles are classified as quadricycles, they are excluded from Stellantis reported combined sales, industry sales and market share figures.

About Stellantis

Stellantis N.V. (NYSE: STLA/ Euronext Milan: STLAM/ Euronext Paris: STLAP) is one of the world's leading automakers aiming to provide clean, safe and affordable freedom of mobility to all. It's best known for its unique portfolio of iconic and innovative brands including Abarth, Alfa Romeo, Chrysler, Citroën, Dodge, DS Automobiles, FIAT, Jeep®, Lancia, Maserati, Opel, Peugeot, Ram, Vauxhall, Free2move and Leasys. Stellantis is executing its Dare Forward 2030, a bold strategic plan that paves the way to achieve the ambitious target of becoming a carbon net zero mobility tech company by 2038, with single-digit percentage compensation of the remaining emissions, while creating added value for all stakeholders. For more information, visit www.stellantis.com. Contacts: communications@stellantis.com or investor.relations@stellantis.com



SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

This document, in particular references to "FY 2024 Guidance", contains forward looking statements. Statements regarding future financial performance and the Company's expectations as to the achievement of certain targeted metrics, including revenues, industrial free cash flows, vehicle shipments, capital investments, research and development costs and other expenses at any future date or for any future period are forward-looking statements. These statements may include terms such as "may", "will", "expect", "could", "should", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "remain", "on track", "design", "target", "objective", "goal", "forecast", "projection", "outlook", "prospects", "plan", or similar terms. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Rather, they are based on the Company's current state of knowledge, future expectations and projections about future events and are by their nature, subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. They relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur or exist in the future and, as such, undue reliance should not be placed on them.

Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including: the Company's ability to launch new products successfully and to maintain vehicle shipment volumes; changes in the global financial markets, general economic environment and changes in demand for automotive products, which is subject to cyclicalities; the Company's ability to successfully manage the industry-wide transition from internal combustion engines to full electrification; the Company's ability to offer innovative, attractive products and to develop, manufacture and sell vehicles with advanced features including enhanced electrification, connectivity and autonomous-driving characteristics; the Company's ability to produce or procure electric batteries with competitive performance, cost and at required volumes; the Company's ability to successfully launch new businesses and integrate acquisitions; a significant malfunction, disruption or security breach compromising information technology systems or the electronic control systems contained in the Company's vehicles; exchange rate fluctuations, interest rate changes, credit risk and other market risks; increases in costs, disruptions of supply or shortages of raw materials, parts, components and systems used in the Company's vehicles; changes in local economic and political conditions; changes in trade policy, the imposition of global and regional tariffs or tariffs targeted to the automotive industry, the enactment of tax reforms or other changes in tax laws and regulations; the level of governmental economic incentives available to support the adoption of battery electric vehicles; the impact of increasingly stringent regulations regarding fuel efficiency requirements and reduced greenhouse gas and tailpipe emissions; various types of claims, lawsuits, governmental investigations and other contingencies, including product liability and warranty claims and environmental claims, investigations and lawsuits; material operating expenditures in relation to compliance with environmental, health and safety regulations; the level of competition in the automotive industry, which may increase due to consolidation and new entrants; the Company's ability to attract and retain experienced management and employees; exposure to shortfalls in the funding of the Company's defined benefit pension plans; the Company's ability to provide or arrange for access to adequate financing for dealers and retail customers and associated risks related to the operations of financial services companies; the Company's ability to access funding to execute its business plan; the Company's ability to realize anticipated benefits from joint venture arrangements; disruptions arising from political, social and economic instability; risks associated with the Company's relationships with employees, dealers and suppliers; the Company's ability to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting; developments in labor and industrial relations and developments in applicable labor laws; earthquakes or other disasters; and other risks and uncertainties.

Any forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and the Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise publicly forward-looking statements. Further information concerning the Company and its businesses, including factors that could materially affect the Company's financial results, is included in the Company's reports and filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and AFM.